Judiciary Committee office, be given privileges of the floor during the PATRIOT Act conference report.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

## UNANIMOUS-CONSENT AGREEMENT—H. R. 3010

Mr. SESSIONS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that at a time to be determined by the majority leader, in consultation with the Democratic leader, the Senate proceed to the consideration of the conference report to accompany H.R. 3010, the Labor-HHS appropriations bill. I further ask consent that there be 90 minutes of debate under the control of Senator Harkin, 30 minutes under the control of Senator SPECTER, and 10 minutes for Senator COBURN; further, that following that time, it be temporarily set aside with the vote to occur on the conference report at a time to be determined by the majority leader, after consultation with the Democratic leader, with no intervening action or debate.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

# EXPRESSING CONDOLENCES ON DEATH OF CARROLL CAMPBELL

Mr. SESSIONS. I ask unanimous consent that the Senate now proceed to the consideration of S. Res. 332, which was submitted earlier today.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report the resolution by title.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A resolution (S. Res. 332) honoring the life of former Governor Carroll A. Campbell, and expressing the deepest condolences of the Senate to his family.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the resolution.

Mr. SESSIONS. I ask unanimous consent that the resolution be agreed to, the preamble be agreed to, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The resolution (S. Res. 332) was agreed to.

The preamble was agreed to.

The resolution, with its preamble, reads as follows:

#### S. RES. 332

Whereas the Senate has learned with sadness of the death of Governor Carroll Campbell:

Whereas Carroll Campbell dedicated a lifetime of service to the State of South Carolina and the United States;

Whereas Carroll Campbell served most honorably as the Governor of South Carolina from 1987 to 1995;

Whereas from 1979, and until he was elected Governor of South Carolina, Carroll Campbell served with high moral character and integrity in the United States House of Representatives;

Whereas Carroll Campbell was the first Republican elected to the House of Representatives for the 4th Congressional District since the Reconstruction period;

Whereas during his service as Governor, Carroll Campbell provided extraordinary leadership and comfort to the citizens of South Carolina throughout the devastating aftermath of Hurricane Hugo and the rebuilding of the coast;

Whereas Carroll Campbell improved the economy of South Carolina and the livelihood of its citizens by attracting world class businesses;

Whereas Carroll Campbell worked diligently to restructure the Government of South Carolina, making it more accessible and responsive to its citizens;

Whereas Carroll Campbell focused on improving the quality of public education provided by the State of South Carolina to all of its citizens;

Whereas Carroll Campbell was as devoted to his principles as he was to his loving family, which included his wife Iris, his sons Carroll and Mike, and his grandchildren "Blakeney" Herlong Campbell, Carroll "Berrett" Campbell, Michael "Rhodes" Campbell, and Marie "Riley" Campbell; and

Whereas Carroll Campbell was a visionary who worked to improve the lives of all South Carolinians: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate-

(1) extends its prayers and deepest condolences to the entire Campbell family;

(2) honors the life of Carroll Campbell and expresses profound gratitude for his years of public service; and

(3) acknowledges with appreciation the unfaltering commitment and loyalty of Carroll Campbell to his family and the State of South Carolina.

#### EXECUTIVE CALENDAR

#### NOMINATIONS DISCHARGED

Mr. SESSIONS. As in executive session, I ask unanimous consent that the following committees be discharged from further consideration of the nominations mentioned and that they be placed on the calendar.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. SESSIONS. From the Foreign Relations Committee, Marilyn Ware, PN 1015; from the HELP Committee, Stephanie Monroe, PN 651; from the Homeland Security Committee, Donald Gambatesa. PN 870.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

## RECOGNIZING CENTENNIAL OF SUSTAINED IMMIGRATION FROM PHILIPPINES TO UNITED STATES

Mr. SESSIONS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the immediate consideration of S. Res. 333 submitted earlier today.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report the resolution by title.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A resolution (S. Res. 333) recognizing the centennial of sustained immigration from the Philippines to the United States and acknowledging the contributions of our Filipino-American community to our country over the last century.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the resolution.

Mr. AKAKA. Mr. President, I rise to speak about the resolution submitted

today with the senior Senator from Hawaii; DAN INOUYE. This resolution formally recognizes the 2006 centennial of Filipino immigration to Hawaii, acknowledges the contributions of the Filipino-American community to our country, and celebrates the long and productive relationship between the Philippines and the United States.

On December 20, 1906, the first Filipino "sakadas," or farm workers, arrived at Honolulu Harbor. Over the years Filipino workers provided an invaluable service for Hawaiian sugarcane and pineapple plantations. Other Filipino immigrants who arrived on the West Coast contributed to the workforce on farms in California and Washington, lumber operations in the North West, and salmon canneries in Alaska. Three years earlier, following the passage of the Pensionado Act, about 200 Filipino "pensionados," or government scholars, were brought to the U.S. to receive an American education. Though many of the "sakadas" and "pensionados" intended to return to the Philippines, a number of them stayed to become American citizens, forming the foundation of today's Filipino-American community.

Despite being the second-largest Asian-American group in the United States, the story of the Filipino-American community is largely unknown. This resolution pays tribute to the sacrifice of Filipino-Americans and their perseverance in the face of political, social, and ethnic adversity.

Throughout our Nation, there are about 2.4 million Americans of Filipino ancestry. Hawaii has the second largest population of Filipino-Americans with 275,000 residing there today. Our country has benefitted greatly from the many accomplishments of the Filipino-American community, in all areas of society.

As a Nation with a rich immigrant heritage, it is only right that our country recognizes the struggles and triumphs experienced by the Filipino community. I would also like to commend my other colleagues in Hawaii's Congressional delegation, Representatives ED CASE and NEIL ABERCROMBIE, for sponsoring this resolution in the other body. I would like to thank my intern, Sylvia Wan, for her assistance in preparing this statement. I urge my colleagues to support this resolution to honor the centennial of Filipino migration to Hawaii and their contributions to our country.

Mr. SESSIONS. I ask unanimous consent that the resolution and preamble be agreed to en bloc, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and that any statements relating thereto be printed in the RECORD, without intervening action or debate.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The resolution (S. Res. 333) was agreed to.

The preamble was agreed to.

The resolution, with its preamble, reads as follows: